

Working Group on Trends in national institutional arrangements in geospatial information management

Task Group 2 (TG2) Founding Structures, Dissemination systems and Data Policies Models Resultados de Aplicación de Cuestionario

United Nations Committee of Experts on Global Geospatial Information Management
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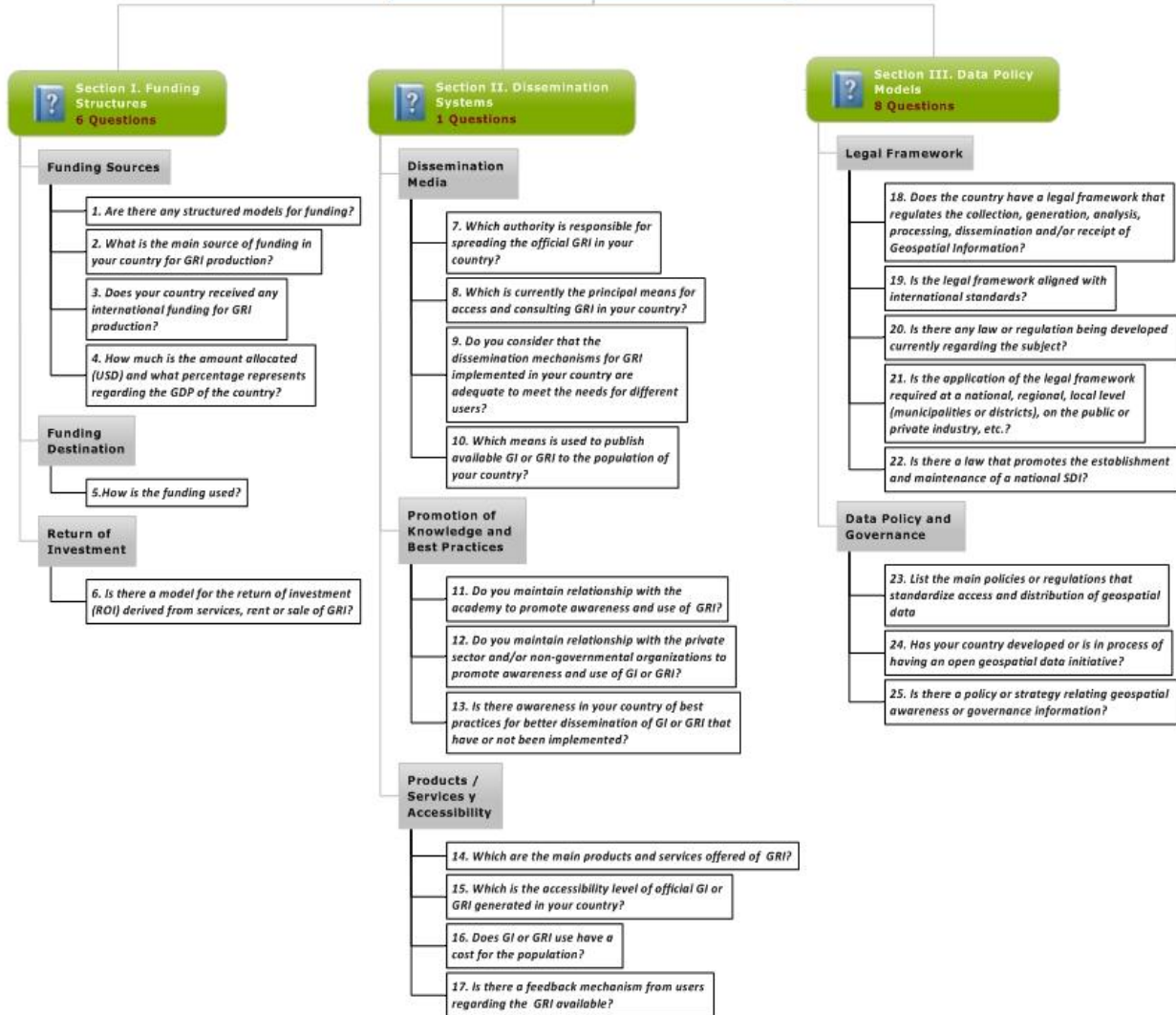
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Training Tool TG2

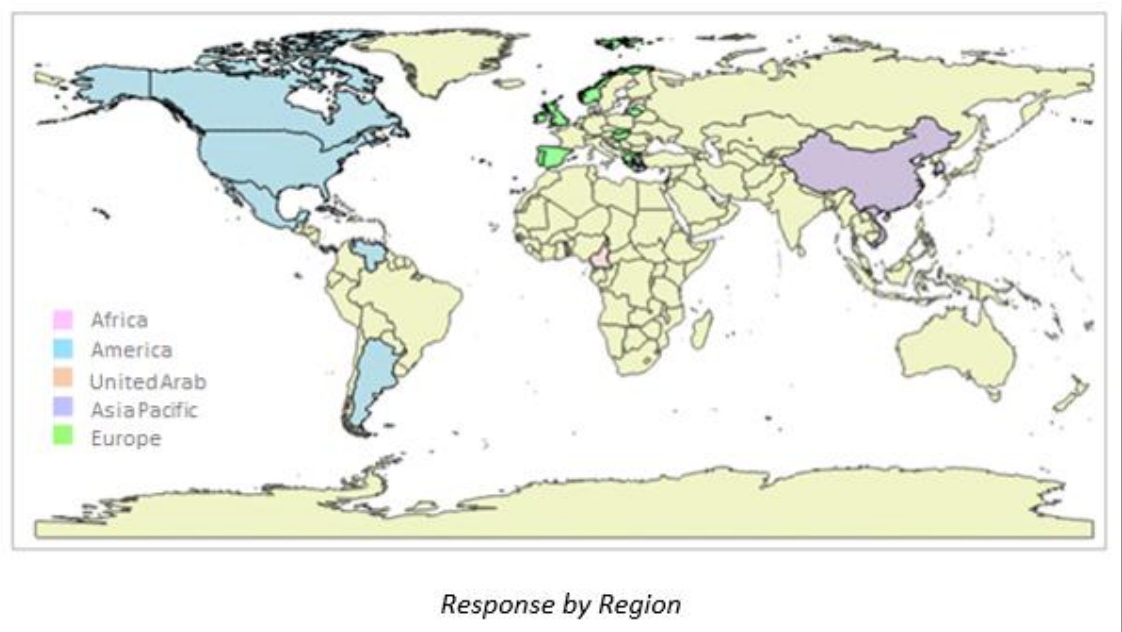
Task Group 2 (1.2, 1.3, 1.4): Questionnaire on Geospatial Reference Information (GRI) funding structures, dissemination systems and data policy models



Answers:

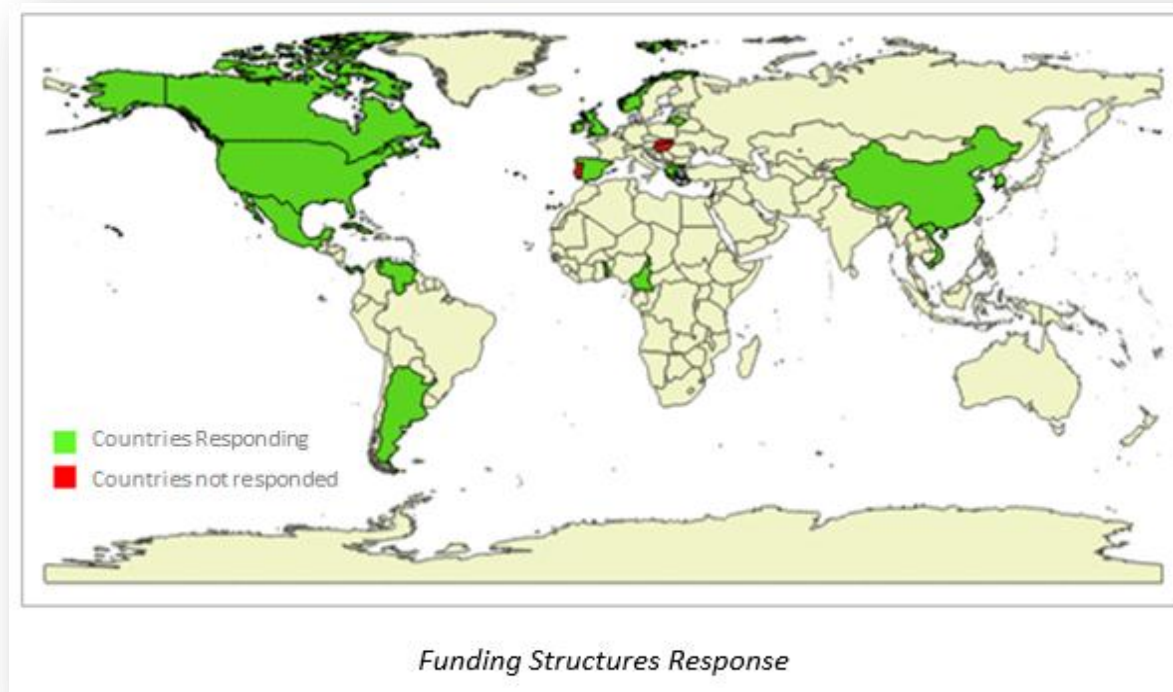
The following table shows the total number of countries that answered the TG2 questionnaire by Region:

Region	Total of Countries	Responding	Not Responding
Africa	54	2	52
America	35	7	28
United Arab	22	2	20
Asia – Pacific	49	4	45
Europe	49	12	37
Total	196	27	169



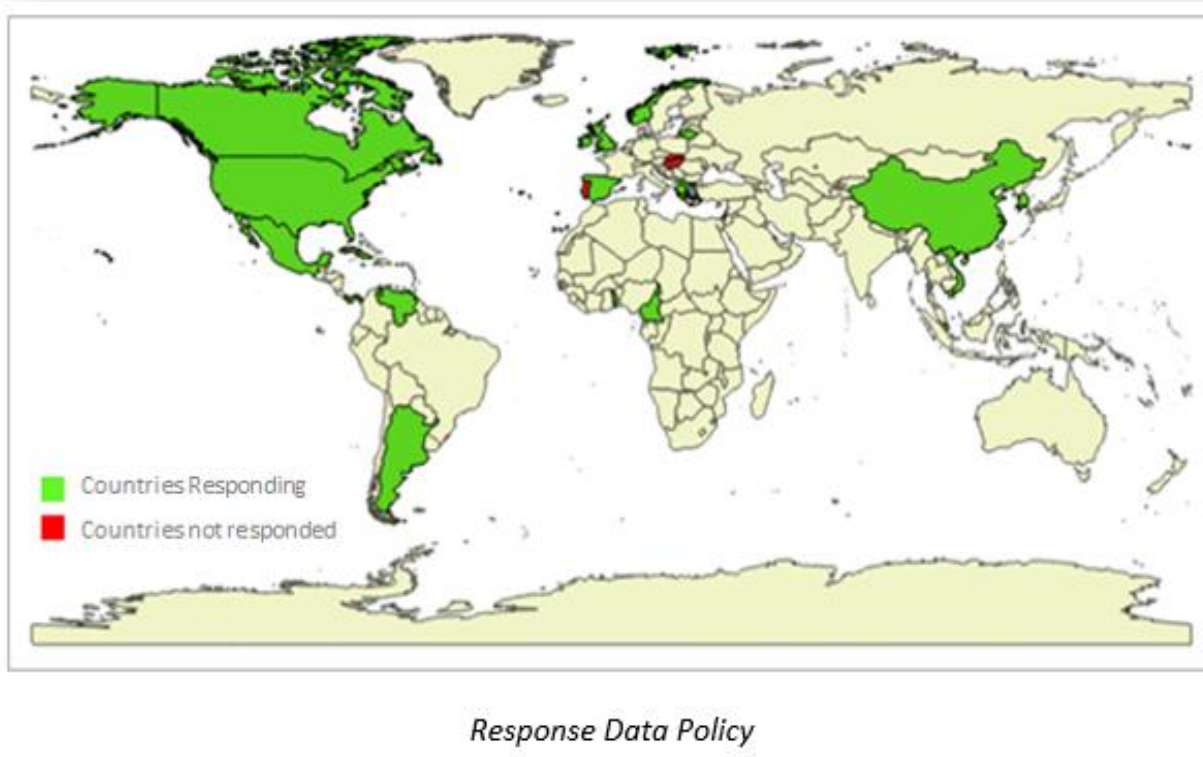
Completeness degrees

1. Regarding financing structures, 23 countries responded this section, there was no answer from : Palestine, Slovakia, Portugal and Hungary.

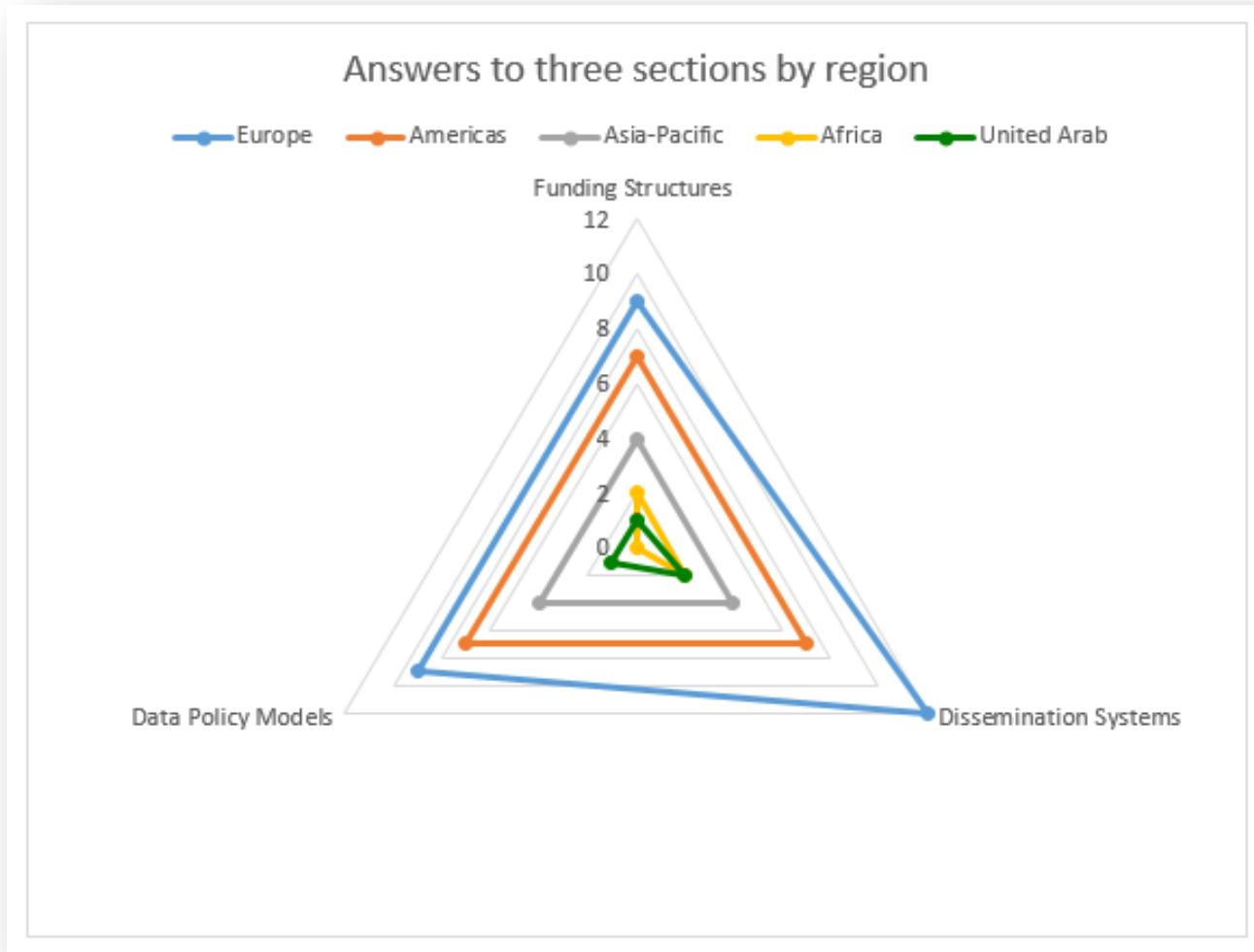


Completeness degree:

2. For the Dissemination section, the 27 countries answered.
3. On the issue of policies and data models 21 countries responded, there was no answer from 6 countries: Palestine, Slovakia, Hungary, Togo, Cameroon and San Marino.



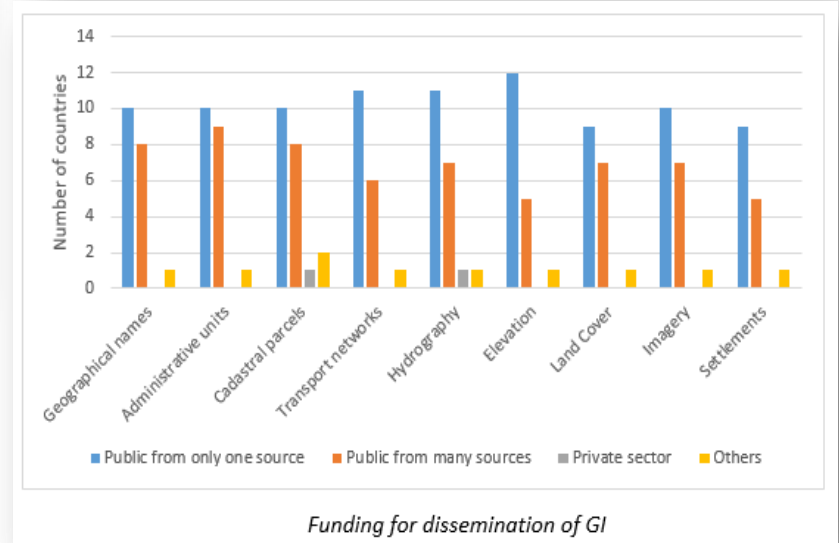
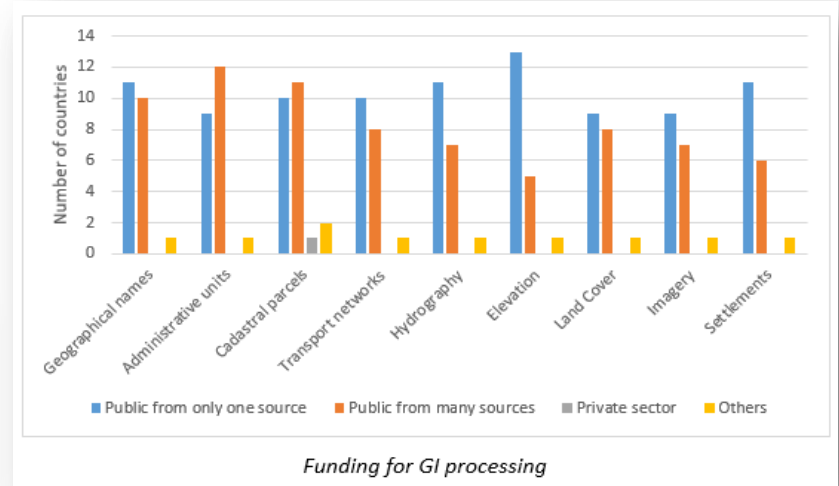
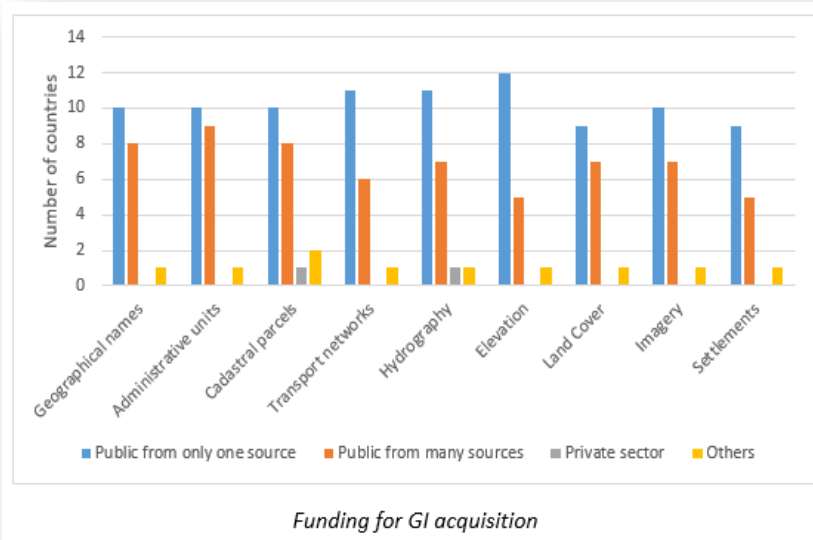
Completeness degree:



I. Financing structures

Financing models

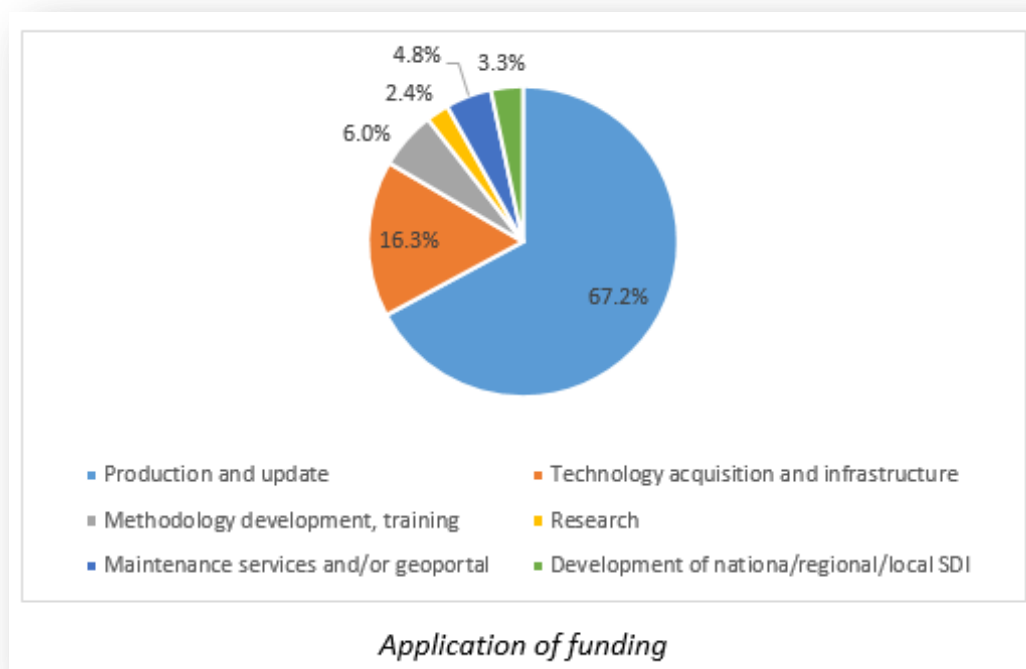
For acquisition, processing and dissemination of GI, stresses that funding is mainly from a public source



I. Financing structures

Financing application

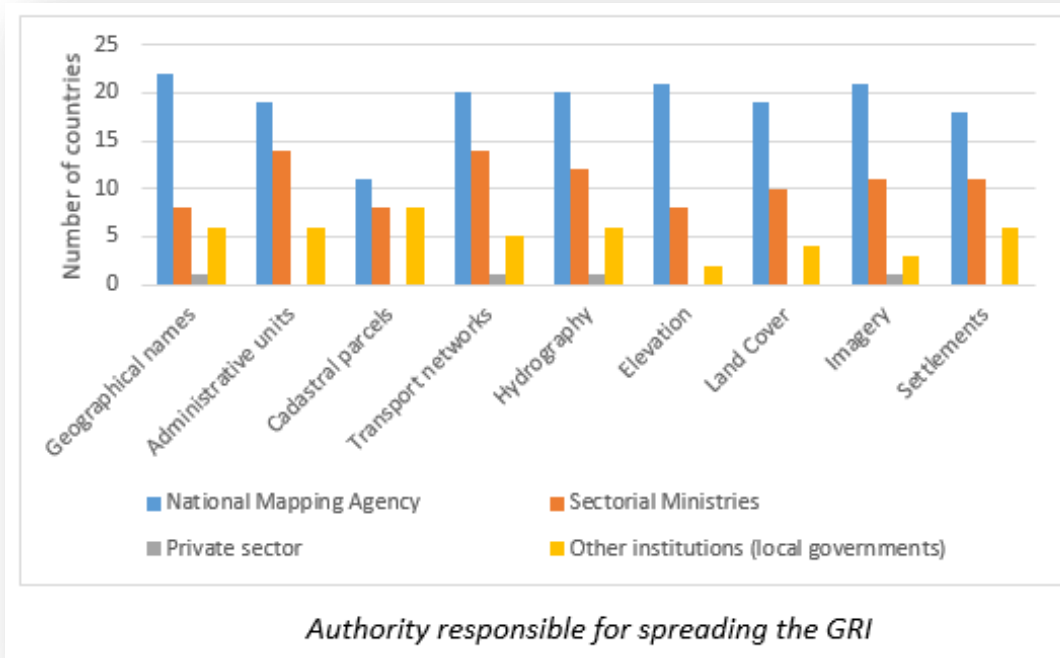
The highest percentage of financing implementation is reflected in the activities of production and renovation, which is an indication that these are the main activities.



II. Dissemination systems

Responsible Authority of Official IGR Dissemination

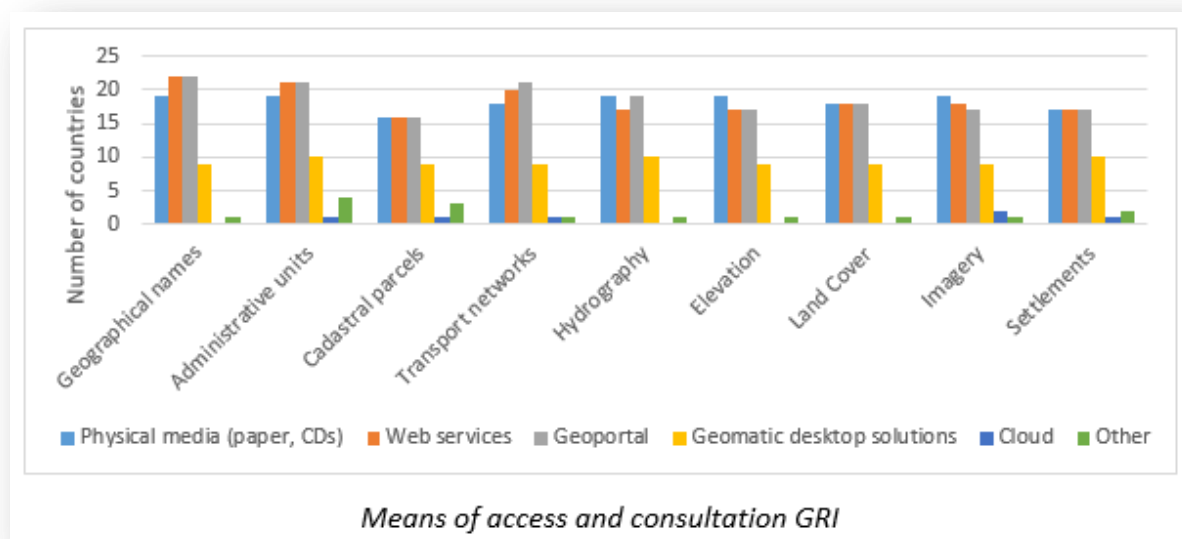
In every issue stands the National Mapping Agency, followed by sectoral ministries.



II. Dissemination systems

IGR means of access and consultation

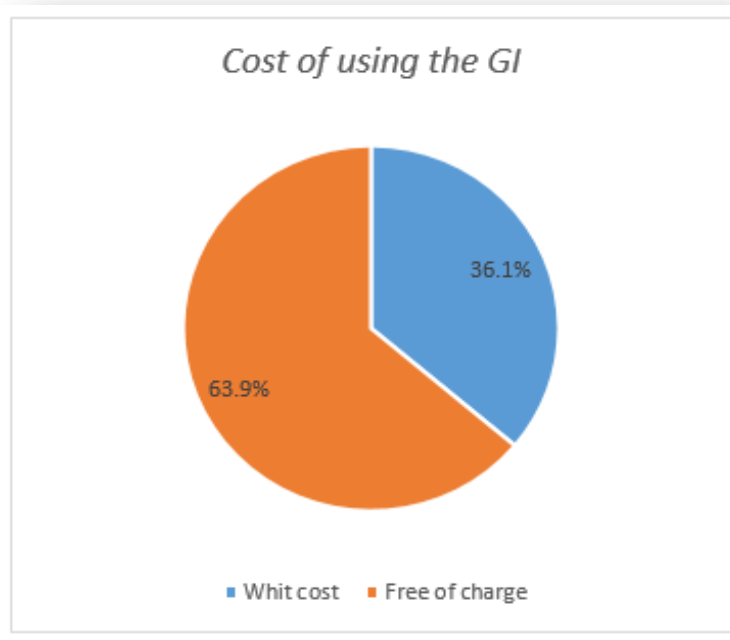
It shows that 66% of countries use Web services and geoportals as the primary means for accessing and consulting GRI; however, even with the new technologies available, also in 18 countries the information is spreading through physical means. The result showing the lowest value is the cloud.



II. Dissemination systems

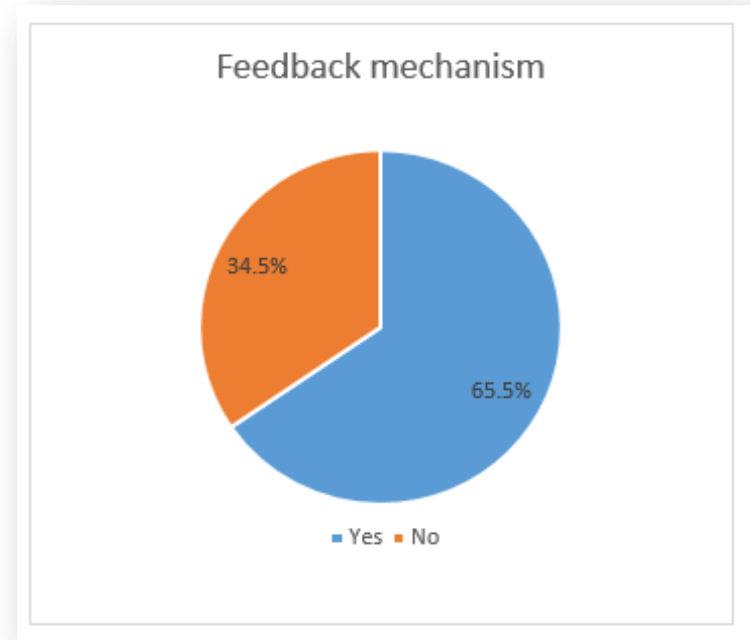
Use cost for IG or IGR

63.9% of countries say the IG and the IGR does not have a cost for the population, 36.1% do assign a cost for it.



User feedback regarding the IGR available

65.5% of the countries stated that there are feedback mechanisms for users to GRI data, while 34.5% indicate otherwise.



III. Data Policy Models

Legal framework aligned to International Standards

60.7% of the countries report that the legal framework for acquisition, processing and dissemination is not aligned with international standards and 39.3% mentioned that this agreement is presented.



Only 8 countries whose legal framework is aligned with international standards, specifies how organizations or initiatives maintains that agreement.

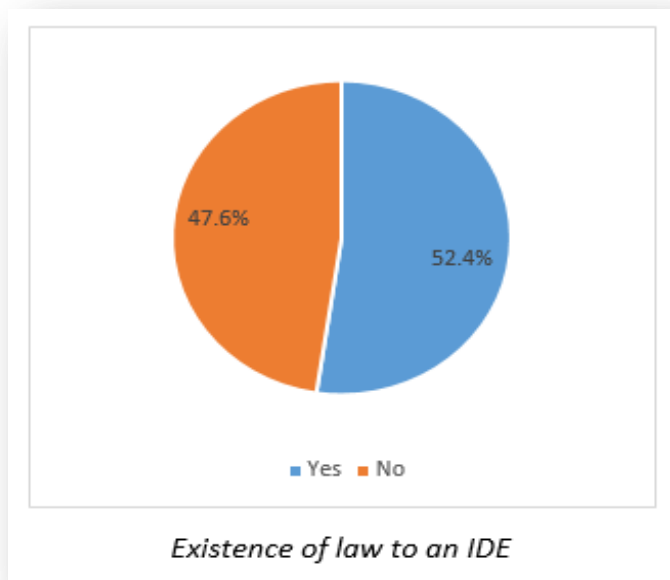
international Standards	Frecuency (Number of countries)
INSPIRE	3
ISO	3
OGC	2



III. Data Policy Models

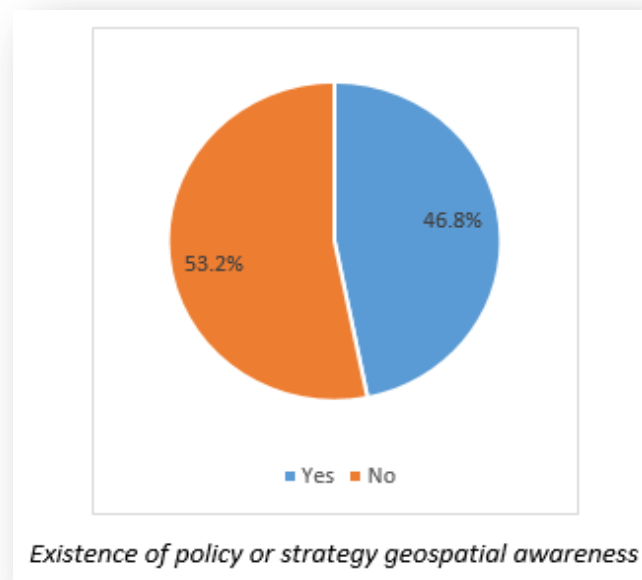
There is a law that promotes the establishment and maintenance of a National SDI

52.4% of the countries believe that in their country there is a law that promotes the establishment and maintenance of a national SDI; meanwhile 47.6% said no.



There is a Policy or Strategy relative to Geospatial Knowledge or Governance Information

46.8% of the countries expressed its existence, while 53.2% indicate otherwise.

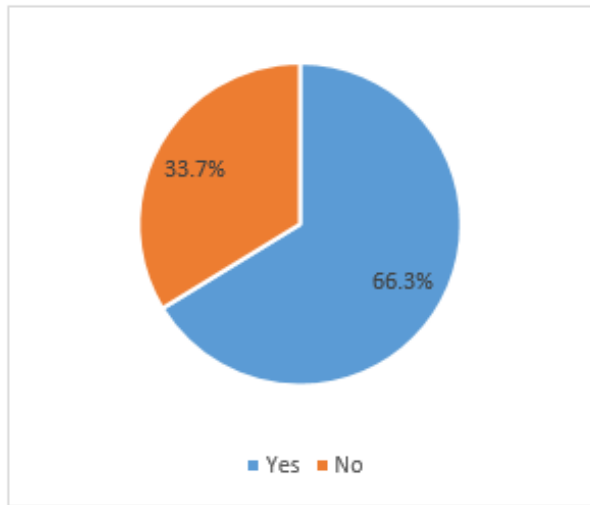


III. Data Policy Models

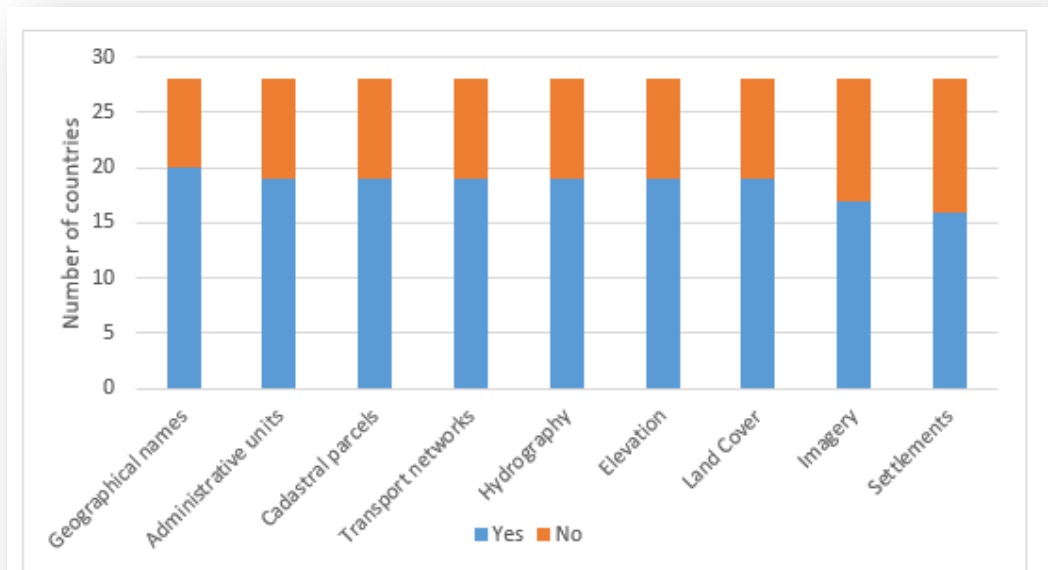
Open Geospatial Data Initiative

63.3% of countries say that there has been developed or is in the process of developing an initiative of open geospatial data and 33.7% said no.

The issue of Geographical Names slightly stands out, with 20 countries.



Development of open data initiative



Development of open data initiative by topic



Analysis and Interpretation of TG2 Results

- ❑ The major financing for the collection, processing, generation and dissemination of IGR is the public sector and international funding is almost non-existent.
- ❑ On the issue of Broadcasting Systems it shows that there are several areas of opportunity to strengthen the dissemination of IGR mechanisms designed to meet the users needs.
- ❑ Policy on Data Models, the results show that should continue working on creating a legal framework to regulate the generation, processing and dissemination of GI, in addition to further development of policies or regulations on the subject. Likewise, they should continue to work on legislations to promote the establishment and maintenance of a national SDI.



Analysis and Interpretation of TG2 Results

- According to the model applied on statistical data analysis, it is concluded that the results do not reflect the situation in the region or continent but only what prevails in countries that answered the questionnaire.
- The amount and degree of response obtained -in comparison to the total universe of member countries of the UN-GGIM- the results presented in this document, may be just a little concerning the outlook that prevails on financing structures, dissemination systems and policies data models in the global geographical community.



Thank you for your attention

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